

**PIONEER CONSOLIDATED MILL RUNNING
SMOOTHLY AND IS PROMISING TO ADD
A BIG PRODUCER TO NYE COUNTY****TABLOID HISTORY OF PIONEER.**

- FEBRUARY, 1905—Tobin brothers began mining in the Pioneer district.
- NOVEMBER, 1908—Bonanza discovery made in the Bryan lease.
- DECEMBER, 1908—Rush into the Pioneer district began.
- JANUARY, 1909—Litigation over titles began.
- APRIL, 1909—Town of Pioneer destroyed by fire.
- JUNE, 1909—Pioneer Consolidated mines company organized and the principal properties united.
- JUNE, 1912—Fire destroys Pioneer Consolidated shaft house.
- OCTOBER, 1912—All litigation finally settled.
- OCTOBER, 1912—New shaft house completed.
- MAY 15, 1913—Mill building began.
- AUGUST 20, 1913—Pioneer mill completed and in operation.

Under the heading, "Another Mining Victory for Nevada," the Denver Daily Mining Record presents the story of the Pioneer Consolidated Mining company's plant at Pioneer in this county, as follows:

T. M. Pettigrew of Denver witnessed the starting of the Pioneer Consolidated mill at Pioneer, Nev., August 20, and Mr. Pettigrew has returned to Denver with the most enthusiastic reports concerning the efficiency of the plant, the merits of the mine and the excellence of the company management.

"I owned 1000 shares of the stock when I went to Denver," said Mr. Pettigrew, "but since my return I have swelled the amount to 40,000 shares, besides inducing my father to take 50,000 shares."

Mr. Pettigrew formerly lived in the Black Hills of South Dakota and has been a stockholder in the Homestake, about the only mining company in which he has previously taken a financial interest. Since coming to Denver he has engaged in the real estate investment business.

"It has never been comprehensible to me," continued Mr. Pettigrew, "why mining investments should so

often be disregarded by men of means, when it is possible in so many cases to select real mines, which are as safe a place for capital as any manufacturing concern one can think of. The mistake that is commonly made is in not centering one's attention upon the question of ore, which when once proven, is the most solid asset that can be imagined. On a smaller scale the existence of ore assets in the Pioneer mine is just as certain as it is in the case of the Homestake. So far as it has advanced, the camp is just as solid as Tonopah or Goldfield.

"When I went to Pioneer I did not expect anything extraordinary, but the extraordinary was actually found there. You probably recall that the new mill is made up of equipment secured from two other plants in the Bullfrog district, but the plant shows no evidence of this whatever. The machinery was virtually new, and the works are of entirely new design, built on the best metallurgical principles and operating as smoothly as anything I ever saw. The day the plant started there was not a slip in any particular and no delays have occurred. Since I returned to Denver word has been received that the ten stamps are dropping beautifully. Of course, some troubles were expected, but they have not materialized. Engineer Buck, who superintended the work under the direct management of President William J. Tobin, has given a demonstration of superior ability and understanding of his responsibilities. I am satisfied that the regular shipment of gold bars will start in thirty days and continue hereafter.

"There is no doubt about the ore. The net profit in sight is easily in excess of the amount necessary to redeem all outstanding stock at the present market price of the shares. The recent report of Mr. Turner, the engineer, concerning the ore reserves, was very conservative, exactly as the management desired it should be.

"With the disposition to investigate the matter very thoroughly, I took the assay map of the mine and checked it up by numerous samples. These I reduced to twenty and brought back to Denver for assay. The lowest result was \$3.67 a ton, and the highest \$189.91, the average being \$28.21. One ore body in the shaft, extending to a depth of 160 feet, affords an exposure which averages \$26.70, evidently enough ore for one year's operation of the mill; but this was not included in Mr. Turner's estimate of actual reserves, because it was not exposed in the engineer's sense. There is undoubtedly enough ore immediately available to run the 40 ton mill for two years. There is a 100 foot outcrop which may be measured from the surface to the 65 foot level and contains excellent ore. This was not included in Mr. Turner's report. I do not see how the ultimate development can fail to make a much greater mine than it is now.

"The greatest depth of the mine is now 410 feet. The water for the mill is pumped from the mine into tanks, which contain enough water for two weeks' run. Even if there were any likelihood of needing more water than the mine can supply, it would require only a small investment to lay a pipe line and secure 'oceans' of it.

"Now, you see why I speak of such mining investments as thoroughly safe. Where there is ore and management the rest is easy."

The new mill operates ten stamps, but the number can be easily increased. The pulp first runs over amalgamation plates, then through the cyanide leaching tanks, slime filters and zinc boxes. Mr. Pettigrew returned only this week from Nevada, and he was accompanied by Richard F. Tobin, the company's treasurer, who is equally well satisfied of the final success of a venture which has had many things to overcome.

**MANUEL MARRIES
A PRINCESS
WITHOUT A
THRONE**

TAKES UNTO HIMSELF DAUGHTER OF HOUSE OF HOHENZOLLERN.

(By Associated Press.)
SIGMARINGEN, Germany, Sept. 4.—Manuel, former king of Portugal, was married today to Princess Augustine Victoria, daughter of Prince William, of Hohenzollern.

Cardinal Netto performed the religious ceremony and Count Eattenberg, grand marshal of the Prussian court, performed the civil function. Many persons of royal blood were present, the crowned heads being represented by close relatives. After a reception the couple departed on a honeymoon trip.

**EAGLES SMOKER HAS
A GOOD PROGRAMME**

TONOPAH AERIE PROPOSES TO GIVE EVERYBODY RED HOT TIME.

The program for the smoker of Tonopah aerie No. 3271, F. O. E., has been completed and the committee feels safe in saying there will be some of the best talent in the camp appearing tomorrow night. The performance will be held at the Odd Fellows hall and will comprise everything from fancy boxing to singing varied with instrumental music.

Tonopah aerie is in splendid shape as it now numbers 325 paid up members with a large waiting list for the next initiation. The members of the order will furnish invitations to their friends.

HURT IN CONFETTI WAR.

Mrs. John Schmidt was injured Sunday night in the confetti battle. In throwing and dodging she slipped or tripped herself and fell on the pavement in front of the Schmidt store and cut her nose, forehead, lower lip and chin. It is believed she fell against the hydrant at the edge of the sidewalk. Her face is quite disfigured and the cuts are painful. —Winnemucca Star.

**Great Prosperity of Tonopah Postoffice
Increase In Volume of Domestic Money Orders****Water Will Be Turned Into
the City Mains This Evening**

Manager Burnham of the water company reported this morning that the station was fast resuming its old shape and that by tonight at latest one pump will be in operation. This is necessary owing to the fact that the reserve supply has about been exhausted and then the possibility of fire leads the company to pump as soon as part of the plant can be restored to action. Four hundred feet

of distributing pipe that delivers water at the pump house was washed out.

When the water appears it will be a pale chocolate color of a distinct type from any ever submitted to the critical taste of Tonopah people, but it will be water. Dr. Richards, county physician recommends that all water intended for cooking or drinking be boiled to prevent infection from typhoid germs which would develop under the conditions that have obtained during the last three days. By Friday evening the company expects to be pumping for the mill.

Water is still running down the valley below the pumping station but it is steadily diminishing and will soon disappear.

At their meeting this morning the county commissioners considered the road situation which furnishes a baffling problem at the end of the fiscal year. Funds are low and it will take some close figuring to find means of repairing the principal roads in the stricken district.

Commissioner Ferguson will look after the Manhattan road which is the heaviest traveled in the county and Jack Longstreet has already begun making repairs out around Salisbury Wash. In the northern end of Nye county there is a regular road supervisor in the person of Cook Derringer who is empowered to make repairs without consulting the commissioners.

Chairman Davis does not think the damage will be as great as reported, as his experience tells him that first

reports are usually grossly exaggerated. He found this strongly illustrated the Sunday before the Indiana tourists came through. A Tonopah man told him then that the Hot creek road was impassable and in urgent need of repairs. Yet the next day the tourists passed through and paid the last hundred miles of their journey was over the best roads they had seen since leaving Colorado.

**MAY NOT
RUN FOR
OFFICE**

HUERTA INFORMALLY WITH-
DRAWS FROM RACE FOR
PRESIDENCY.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—The first official information that the Wash- ington government has been orally assured that Huerta will not be a candidate for the presidency will become public today.

The administration construes this assurance as meaning that there will be no circumvention by Huerta's resignation and becoming a candidate.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 4.—As a result of orders from the president the army transport Buford will depart from here Monday to the west coast of Mexico to get American refugees. Rations for a thousand persons and a hospital corps are carried.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.—One hundred and thirty Mexican pilgrims arrived last night enroute to Rome and the holy land, where they will pray for the restoration of peace and prosperity in Mexico. They are headed by Archbishop Ruiz of the diocese of Michoacan, who says he is confident the efficacy of prayer will bring peace.

**THREE AVIATORS
MEET THEIR END
BY DROPPING
TO DEATH**

TWO GERMANS AND ONE AMERICAN VICTIMS OF WAR MACHINES.

(By Associated Press.)
SAN DIEGO, Sept. 4.—First Lieutenant Moss L. Love of the signal corps of the army was killed today when his aeroplane fell 300 feet. He began to descend from two thousand feet when spectators saw a puff of smoke and the machine dropped like a shot. He had been in the air 40 minutes and apparently was all right.

BRIEG, Sept. 4.—Lieutenants Prie and Erenbrecher of the German army aviation corps were killed today when their aeroplane collapsed.

SANTA ANA, Sept. 4.—Mrs. Florence Seidell was nearly drowned in Newport bay today. The aeroplane she was driving fell, holding her under the water three minutes before she was rescued by motor boats.

**TAKE SITE AT ELKO
FOR DETENTION HOME**

THIRTY ACRES OFFERED BY FERNALD APPROVED BY THE BOARD.

ELKO, Sept. 4.—The state detention home board has accepted the site for the home which was donated by Frank Fernald, Sr. The site contains 30 acres, being increased from the first proposed acreage of 10, and a movement is now on foot to secure the donation or purchase of additional land from the Southern Pacific company, bringing the total area of the site up to 100 acres.

The city of Elko has raised the \$5000 required by the act and the state has appropriated a 2 per cent ad valorem tax for the next two years for the support of the home.

TEMPERATURE REPORT.

Highest temperature yesterday, 75. Lowest temperature last night, 57. Lowest for the month; a year ago, 35.

**CHILL WILL
NOT BE IN
BIG FAIR**

CONGRESS ADJOURNS WITHOUT MAKING ANY APPROPRIATIONS.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—Chill may decline to participate in the San Francisco exposition according to a report to the state department from Henry Fletcher, American minister at Santiago. He says congress adjourned without appropriating \$500,000 asked by the authorities for an exhibit.

It is indicated that congress might appropriate when it reconvenes next month.

**THUNDERSTORMS
MADE A RECORD
LAST MONTH**

SEVEN DAYS IN WHICH HEAVENS WERE OVERCHARGED WITH JUICE.

August broke all records for thunderstorms, according to the monthly report of Weather Observer Percy, which shows there was violent thunder on the 9th, 21st, 22d, 23d, 29th, and 30th. The mean temperature was 76, the lowest record in the history of the station, but above the normal which ranges around 65.7.

The highest temperature was on the 6th, when the mercury reached 89 and the lowest was 50 on the 17th. The total precipitation was 1.16 inches and the greatest precipitation occurred on the 30th, when 0.37 of an inch fell. The next largest showing of rain was in 1906, when 1.55 inches fell. The normal for August is 0.39 of an inch. The total from September, 1912, to date has been only 6.11 inches, while the normal calls for 10.15 so it is inferred that as the weather always even up there will be heavy snowfalls in the early fall or more rain to raise the record. In ten days Tonopah had 100 per cent of sunshine to its credit.

BUILDING SOCIETIES.

(By Associated Press.)
SACRAMENTO, Sept. 4.—Assets of building and loan associations in California increased nearly \$350,000,000 over 1912, according to a report of Commissioner Walker. Total assets sum up \$28,316,021.

POPE HAS BAD COLD.

(By Associated Press.)
ROME, Sept. 4.—The pope is suffering from a severe cold. He refuses to comply with the suggestion of his physicians and take a complete rest. It is believed not to be serious.

CONVICTS TO MAKE ROADS.

DIXON, Ill., Sept. 4.—Convicts were put to making roads today for the first time in the history of Illinois.

GRANTED A DIVORCE.

Antoinette Thomas of Rhyolite was granted a divorce from Joseph H. Thomas last night by Judge Averill on the ground of non-support.

**Flattering Showing Reported With a
General Improvement and Material
Gain In Gross Postal Receipts That
Are the Best Index to Growth of the
Camp—Amount of Money Sent to
European Countries Not So Great
As Reported.**

The growth of Tonopah cannot be better emphasized than by reference to the reports of the post office for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1912, and the same period ending June 30, 1913. In that period of time the gross postal receipts showed a gain of \$2,509.46 and the money order business reflects even greater activity. For the year ending June 30, 1912, domestic money orders aggregating \$283,362.07 were issued, compared with \$319,090.04 for 1913. The issue of international orders was not nearly so great as people have been given to understand as the entire amount of money sent away to foreign countries in 1912 was \$57,812.81, compared with \$59,989.15 for the ensuing year. In domestic money orders paid at this office there was a decline of \$38,556.43 for the year 1913, but the decrease in international money orders represented a much greater percentage as the amount received in 1912 was \$1175.20, compared with the negligible quantity of \$195.19 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1913.

The statement of the operations of the Tonopah postoffice is as follows:

Gross Postal Receipts.				
	1912		1913	
Quarter ended Sept. 30	\$ 3,963.61		\$ 4,425.14	
Quarter ended Dec. 31	4,261.37		5,812.97	
Quarter ended March 31	4,084.97		4,761.17	
Quarter ended June 30	4,683.82		4,703.95	
Total	\$16,993.77		\$19,503.23	
Money Orders Issued.				
	Domestic orders		Intern'l. Orders	
Qr. ended Sept. 30, 1911	3663	\$ 62,275.55	334	\$ 14,557.01
Qr. ended Dec. 31, 1911	5107	77,514.14	453	17,008.39
Qr. ended March 31, 1912	4337	68,011.33	365	14,908.41
Qr. ended June 30, 1912	584	75,561.05	299	12,340.00
Total	17691	\$283,362.07	1451	\$ 57,813.81
Qr. ended Sept. 30, 1912	4246	\$ 76,479.73	322	\$ 14,870.24
Qr. ended Dec. 31, 1912	5908	83,208.55	410	15,259.75
Qr. ended March 31, 1913	5325	78,679.49	352	13,947.03
Qr. ended June 30, 1913	5550	80,623.27	413	16,732.18
Total	21029	\$319,090.04	1497	\$ 59,989.15
Money Orders Paid.				
Qr. ended Sept. 30, 1911	1270	\$ 36,392.89	12	\$ 833.24
Qr. ended Dec. 31, 1911	1444	41,408.56	3	224.35
Qr. ended March 31, 1912	1255	31,951.39	2	34.32
Qr. ended June 30, 1912	1278	29,461.86	4	83.29
Total	5247	\$139,214.70	21	\$ 1,175.20
Qr. ended Sept. 30, 1912	1108	\$ 22,919.30	2	8.95
Qr. ended Dec. 31, 1912	1503	30,362.47	2	71.59
Qr. ended March 31, 1913	1259	24,158.07	4	28.05
Qr. ended June 30, 1913	1290	23,218.43	5	86.60
Total	5070	\$100,658.27	13	\$ 195.19

**TONOPAH'S 400
WILL BE FOUND
IN THE SCHOOLS**

ENROLLMENT IS HIGHEST IN THE HISTORY OF THIS GROWING CAMP.

The total number enrolled in the schools of Tonopah is estimated at 375 from preliminary statements. This compares favorably with Goldfield where the grades have 241 pupils registered and 82 additional in the high school. The returns for Tonopah are as follows: First grade 48, second 51, third 38, fourth 42, fifth 71, sixth 51, seventh 25, eighth 32, and high school 50. This number will be increased to 400 according to the belief of Superintendent Smith whose efforts to secure an accurate enrollment are handicapped by the delay in completing the new school.

For the present Miss Jahn will work with the grades until arrangement of the domestic science. Miss Folz, who takes charge of the kindergarten will arrive soon. The kindergarten is certain of an attendance of at least forty little folk but nothing can be done until the miniature furniture reaches Tonopah. A C. Blair, from Eugene, Ore., will have charge of the manual department. He will arrive next Sunday.

Winnemucca reports 173 in the grades and 26 in the high school.

CAGWIN RECOVERING.

Engineer Cagwin, who was severely scalded about the head when his engine turned over in a washout near Mina, some days ago, is reported to be rapidly recovering from his injuries. Shortly after he was taken to San Francisco it was said that his chances for recovery were few. It is expected he will be out in a few days.

**CAMINETTI SAYS
HE WAS AFRAID
OF DIGGS'
WIFE**

TRIES TO CONVINCE JURY THAT HE DID NOT INTEND TO VIOLATE THE MANN ACT.

(By Associated Press.)
SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 4.—The Caminetti defense rested this morning and the government began argument.

Caminetti's testimony in brief purposed to convince the jury that there was no wilful intent to violate the Mann act by going to Reno, but to escape a threatening scandal as the result of his association with Lola Norris. He told how Mrs. Diggs threatened to expose the girls' families, and cause their arrest, and he said he believed she was ready to do anything. He said others told him of the danger of arrest.

Mrs. Diggs corroborated the story of her threats, testifying at considerable length to details of a meeting with Caminetti in her house.

One other witness, M. H. Diepenbrock of Sacramento, told of demanding that Diggs stop making an assignation house of offices in Delphenbrock's building.

**CANNIBALS KILL AND
EAT RADIUM SEEKER**

BRISBANE, Australia, Sept. 4.—Word has reached here that John Henry Warner, a mineralogist of German-American descent, was killed and eaten by cannibals in an unexplored region of Papua. He was heading an expedition in search for radium.